

hw2 , due: Wednesday, February 8

page 30 (singular value decomposition) 4.1 , 4.4

1. Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$. Find $\|A\|_p$ for $p = 1, 2, \infty$.

2. Prove.

a) $\|x\|_\infty \leq \|x\|_2 \leq \|x\|_1$

b) If A is hermitian with eigenvalues $\lambda_1 \geq \dots \geq \lambda_n$, then $\lambda_n = \min_{x \neq 0} R_A(x)$.

c) If Q is orthogonal, then $\|Qx\|_2 = \|x\|_2$, $\|Q\|_2 = 1$, $\|QA\|_2 = \|A\|_2 = \|AQ\|_2$.

d) If $\|A\| < 1$ for some induced matrix norm, then $I + A$ is invertible.

3. Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$.

a) Use Matlab's command `svd` to find the SVD of A . State U, Σ, V (4-digit format is fine).

b) In one plot draw the unit circle C and indicate the vectors v_1, v_2 , and in another plot draw the ellipse AC (i.e. the image of the circle under the map $x \rightarrow Ax$) and indicate the vectors $Av_1 = \sigma_1 u_1, Av_2 = \sigma_2 u_2$. Use the `axis('square')` command in Matlab to ensure that the horizontal and vertical axes have the same scale.

c) Find A_1 , the best rank-1 approximation to A in the 2-norm. Find $\|A - A_1\|_2$.

4. Solve the two-point boundary value problem from hw1 using the compact 4th order finite-difference scheme derived in class,

$$-D_+ D_- \left(1 - \frac{h^2}{12} c_i\right) u_i + c_i u_i = \left(1 + \frac{h^2}{12} D_+ D_-\right) f_i .$$

Use meshsize $h = 1/2^p$, where p is a positive integer. Solve the linear system using the tridiagonal LU method derived in class (you get partial credit if you use a full matrix; to get full credit use only vectors). Turn in the program listing. For $p = 1 : 4$, plot the exact solution ($y(x)$ vs x) and the numerical solution (u_i vs x_i , including the boundary points). For $p = 1 : 20$, present a table with the following data. column 1: h ; column 2: $\|u_h - y_h\|_\infty$; column 3: $\|u_h - y_h\|_\infty / h^4$; column 4: cpu time; column 5: (cpu time)/ n (where $h = 1/(n+1)$) as in class). Explain the trends in each column. Among the given values of h , which value ensures that the error $\|u_h - y_h\|_\infty$ is less than 10^{-3} for the 4th order scheme? for the 2nd order scheme from hw1?